

LATIN II EXAM

I. READING LEVEL

Students read and understand Latin sentences and passages heavily adapted and simplified from the original authors or composed specifically for the exam. They interpret the meaning of the passage based on their knowledge of the Latin language and Roman culture.

II. LANGUAGE (in addition to items on previous levels)

NOUNS: Declensions I - V

Nominative:	subject, predicate nominative
Genitive:	possession
Dative:	indirect object
Accusative:	direct object extent of time and space subject of infinitive object of the prepositions <i>ob, propter</i>
Ablative:	time, agent, comparison <i>-cum</i> with pronouns
Vocative:	direct address
Apposition with all cases	
Comparison with <i>quam</i>	

PRONOUNS:

relative, interrogative, personal, reflexive, and demonstratives *hic, ille, is*

ADJECTIVES: Declensions I-III

noun/adjective agreement
positive, comparative, and superlative degrees of regular adjectives and
magnus, parvus, bonus, malus, multus, multī
interrogative adjectives *quī, quae, quod*
numbers
cardinals *ūnus - vīgintī, centum, mīlle*
ordinals *prīmus - decimus*
Roman numerals

ADVERBS:

positive, comparative, and superlative degrees of all regular adverbs and
bene and *male*
interrogatives *quandō, cūr, ubi, quōmodo*

CONJUNCTIONS:

atque, postquam, quamquam, aut...aut, neque...neque (nec...nec)

ENCLITICS: *-ne, -que*

VERBS: Conjugations I-IV

six tenses of indicative mood, active and passive voice
infinitives
present and perfect, active and passive
future active
infinitive in indirect statement after present tense main verb
participles (all except gerundives)
irregular verbs *sum, possum, volō, eō, ferō*
impersonal verbs *licet, placet*

IDIOMS: e.g., *in animō habēre; grātiās agere; pedibus īre*

III. CULTURE AND CIVILIZATION (in addition to items on previous levels)

GEOGRAPHY: the Roman world; important bodies of water, e.g., Adriatic Sea, Aegean Sea, Black Sea; rivers, e.g., Rhine, Po, Rubicon; important islands and provinces, e.g., *Germānia, Aegyptus, Sicilia, Crēta*

HISTORY: prominent historical characters from Roman history, e.g., *Augustus, Hannibal, Julius Caesar, Cleopatra, Marc Antony, Spartacus*; major events of Roman history, e.g., Punic Wars, Caesar's conquest of Gaul

MYTHOLOGY: heroes and monsters, e.g., Jason, Odysseus, Perseus, Theseus, Daedalus, Minotaur, Chimera; Underworld, e.g., Cerberus, Charon, Proserpina, Styx, Pluto

ROMAN LIFE: recreation and entertainment, e.g., baths, chariot racing, gladiatorial combats, stage performances

IV. LATIN IN USE (in addition to items on previous levels)

ORAL LATIN: e.g., *Quaenam est tempestās? Quid novī? Surge! Ignōsce mihi; Bene respondistī; Mihi placet*

DERIVATIVES: English words based on Latin roots, prefixes, and suffixes, e.g., introspection, omniscient, incredulous, benevolent

EXPRESSIONS, MOTTOES, ABBREVIATIONS: e.g., *caveat ēmptor; et al.; vs.; ad astra per aspera; status quō; ars longa, vīta brevis*